Consult Screening Tool

Your task is to evaluate ONLY the individuals who have been highlighted on the Screening Form by the Dispensing Station. You will not be re-screening the entire family.

Staff Use Only
Today's Date:
6 / 30 / 26

Dispenser Name:
Sally Jo Johnson

Consult Name:

1. Write your name in the Consult Name space on the right side of the form.
2. Obtain interpretation services, if needed, before proceeding.
2. Use the Consult Algorithm to screen the highlighted people only. Do NOT rescreen anyone else on the form.
3. Use the Consult Tool "Ask" Scripts to ask additional questions as indicated by the algorithm. Use the "Tell" scripts to provide more information.

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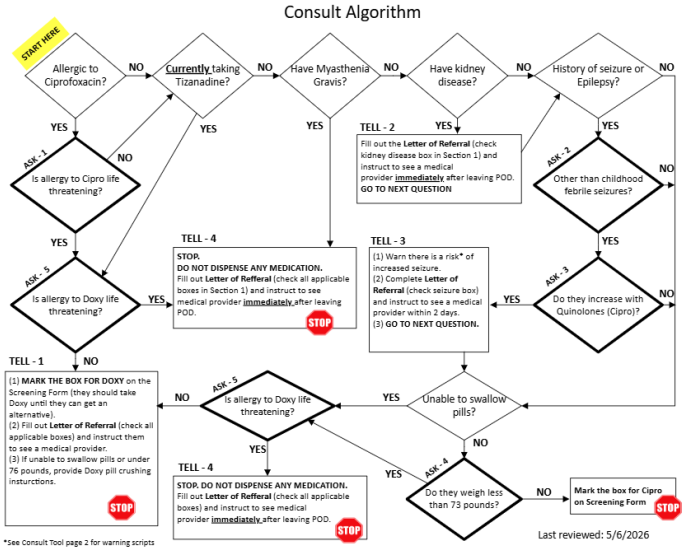
Note: If a client does not know the answer to a question you should default to "no" because it is important they receive lifesaving medication. Confirm with your supervisor



For those who WILL receive medication:

1. If indicated by the Consult Algorithm, complete a Letter of Referral in English (and in the family's preferred language) and give it to the family.
2. Dispense medication, as indicated by the Consult Algorithm. You may either use the Dispensing Tool, starting with step 6 "Label Medication and Provide Information" section or send them to Consult Dispensing station. This process varies by POD.

For those who WILL NOT receive any medication:

1. As indicated by the Consult Algorithm, complete Letter of Referral in English (and the family's preferred language) and give it to the family.
2. Keep the screening form and direct the family to exit the POD.

Consult Tool: Useful Information

This additional information is provided to support staff working in the Consult role understand common questions and concerns.

Pregnant (being given Doxy): Recent studies have shown that there is minimal risk of Doxy causing staining and poorly formed teeth in children whose mothers take it during pregnancy, as was previously thought.

Breastfeeding (being given Doxy): Doxy comes out in breastmilk, but recent studies have shown there is minimal risk to infant's teeth development.

Breastfeeding (being given Cipro): Cipro comes out in breastmilk and is considered ok to give to mothers who have been exposed to anthrax. Infants whose mothers are taking an antibiotic should be watched for changes in their eating, digestion, or poops.

Seizure/Epilepsy (being given Cipro): People with past seizures or epilepsy have the risk of having more seizures when taking Ciprofloxacin. The Letter of Referral will help your medical provider decide what the best medication is for you.

> **Childhood Febrile Seizures:** Febrile seizures are convulsions that can happen during a fever (febrile means "feverish"). They affect kids 3 months to 5 years old and are most common in toddlers 12–18 months old. The seizures usually last for a few minutes and are accompanied by a fever above 100.4°F (38°C). Someone who has had a febrile seizure in childhood does not need to take special precautions while taking Cipro. Only people with epilepsy or a known seizure disorder need to consult with their medical provider

Myasthenia gravis (my-us-THEE-nee-uh GRAY-vis): A long-term neuromuscular disease that leads to varying degrees of skeletal muscle weakness. Cipro can make breathing muscles so weak that people with myasthenia gravis can stop breathing.

Quinolones (most frequently used): Ciprofloxacin (Cipro); gatifloxacin (Tequin); levofloxacin (Levaquin); moxifloxacin (Avelox); nadifloxacin (Acuatim); norfloxacin (Noroxin); ofloxacin (Floxin); any medicine that ends in "-oxacin."

Tizanidine (tye zan' i deen): This medication is used to treat muscle tightness and cramping (spasm) caused by conditions such as multiple sclerosis or spinal injury.

Consult Algorithm: Ask Prompts

The Consult Algorithm includes specific numbered prompts. Find the numbered question below as you work through the Algorithm. There are translated versions of these questions in the "Translation Tool" document.

ASK - 1

The form indicates that this person is **allergic to Ciprofloxacin**. Is their allergy to Ciprofloxacin life threatening?

For example:

1) Have they had a severe reaction to Ciprofloxacin in the past?
2) Does it make them to stop breathing or have a heart attack?

ASK - 2

The form indicates that this person has a history of **seizure or epilepsy** (convulsions).

1) Were the seizures caused by fever when the person was a child?
2) Do they still have seizures?

ASK - 3

Do the seizures or convulsions happen more often when they take medications that are Quinolones? (Ciprofloxacin is one example of a medication that is a Quinolone. Any medicine that ends in "-oxacin" is a quinolone.)

ASK - 4

Does this person weigh less than 73 pounds?

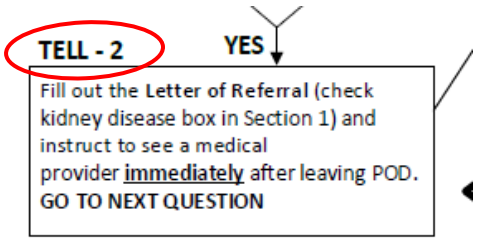
ASK - 5

The form indicates that this person is **allergic to Doxycycline**. Is their allergy to Doxycycline life threatening? For example:

1) Have they had a severe reaction to Doxycycline in the past?
2) Does it make them stop breathing or have a heart attack?

Consult Algorithm: Tell Prompts

The Consult Algorithm includes specific numbered prompts. Find the numbered response below as you work through the Algorithm. There are translated versions of this information in the "Translation Tool" document.



TELL - 1

This person has some health concerns but Doxycycline is recommended today. It is important that they take this medication until they can see a medical provider for a different medication. I am giving you a Letter of Referral. This Letter explains this person's health conditions and gives information for the medical provider about the different medications that are available. I will show/give you a translated version as well, so you can understand what is written in the Letter. If the person is unable to swallow pills or weighs less than 99 pounds, then I will give you instructions on how to crush the Doxycycline tablets, so this person can take it with food.

Tell - 2

Please take this Letter of Referral to a medical provider immediately after you leave. Because of their medical conditions a medical provider may be able to give them a better medication or advice about their current medication/condition. I will show/give you a translated version of the letter so you can understand what is written in the Letter of Referral. Please wait while I determine if they can safely take one of the two medications we have here.

Tell - 3

This person has a history of seizures or epilepsy (convulsions) that happen more often when they take medication like Ciprofloxacin. I have a few more questions to review but because they are also allergic to Doxycycline, I will probably give them Ciprofloxacin today. That will come with the risk of seizures happening more often, so it is important that they see a medical provider for a different medication within 2 days. I am giving you a Letter of Referral for you to take with you to give the medical provider. I will show/give you a translated version as well so you can understand what is written in the Letter of Referral. Please wait while I finish the screening process to see if this person can take Ciprofloxacin.

Tell - 4

Because of the medical conditions this person has we are unable to give them a medication that will be safe for them to take. Please take this Letter of Referral to a medical provider immediately after you leave. It will tell the medical provider why this person can't take the medications we have on site and will help the medical provider select a different medication. I will show/give you a translated version so you can understand what is written in the Letter of Referral.